

2022 WL 14587728

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United States District Court,
N.D. Georgia, Atlanta Division.

Jeffery CORDTZ, Plaintiff,
v.

JOHNSON LEGAL OFFICES, LLC;
and Larry W. Johnson, Defendants.

CIVIL ACTION FILE NO.
1:21-cv-02003-MHC-LTW

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Signed September 6, 2022

Attorneys and Law Firms

Shimshon Wexler, S. Wexler, LLC,
Atlanta, GA, for Plaintiff.

Larry W. Johnson, Johnson Legal Offices,
L.L.C., Atlanta, GA, for Defendants.

ORDER

LINDA T. WALKER, UNITED STATES
MAGISTRATE JUDGE

*1 This matter appears before the Court
on two ancillary motions related to the
pending Motion for Summary Judgment.
Plaintiff filed a Motion for Leave to file
a surreply ([Doc. 103]), and Defendants
filed a Motion to Strike ([Doc. 106])
Plaintiff's reply in support of his Motion.
Both motions are **DENIED**.

Surreplies are only to be filed under
rare and “unusual circumstances, such as
where a movant raises new arguments or
facts in a reply brief, or where a party
wishes to inform the Court of a new
decision or rule implicating the motion
under review.” Coker v. Enhanced Senior
Living, Inc., 897 F. Supp. 2d 1366, 1373
(N.D. Ga. 2012). Plaintiff tries to assert
the latter basis, contending that a surreply
is necessary to discuss a case recently
affirmed by a panel of the Eleventh
Circuit: Minnifield v. Wells Fargo Bank,
NA, 2022 WL 2348524, at *1 (11th
Cir. June 29, 2022). [Doc. 103 at 1].
But tellingly, Plaintiff's proposed surreply
never once mentions Minnifield. [Doc.
103-1]. Instead, the surreply discusses
Davidson v. Capital One Bank (USA),
N.A., 797 F.3d 1309 (11th Cir. 2015),
which is not a new case. [Doc. 103-1].

Defendants points this fact out, and
Plaintiff tries to salvage his surreply
by noting that the Report and
Recommendation (“R&R”) in Minnifield
discussed Davidson. But the proposed
surreply does not mention the R&R from
Minnifield ([Doc. 103-1]), and just as
importantly that R&R is not a “new
decision” that would warrant a surreply.
The R&R in Minnifield was issued over
eight months before Plaintiff filed his
response in opposition to the Motion for
Summary Judgment. Minnifield v. Wells
Fargo Bank, NA, 2021 WL 4269484, at
*6 (N.D. Ga. Aug. 4, 2021). Plaintiff's
proposed surreply is an improper attempt
to argue about Davidson, a seven-year-
old case Plaintiff failed to discuss in his

response. Plaintiff's Motion for Leave to file a surreply ([Doc. 103]) is **DENIED**.

While the point is now mostly moot, Defendants Motion to Strike ([Doc. 106]) is also **DENIED**. "Motions to strike are not favored by the courts." Coca-Cola Co. v. Howard Johnson Co., 386 F. Supp. 330, 333 (N.D. Ga. 1974). It is "a drastic remedy to be resorted to only when required for the purposes of justice" such as "when the pleading to be stricken has no possible relation to the controversy." Augustus v. Bd. of Pub. Instruction of Escambia Cty., Fla., 306 F.2d 862, 868 (5th Cir. 1962)¹ (quoting Brown & Williamson Tobacco Corp. v. United States, 201 F.2d 819, 822 (6th Cir. 1953)). Additionally, as Plaintiff correctly notes, Rule 12 only speaks of striking "a pleading." Fed. R. Civ. P. 12(f). Plaintiff's Reply in support of his Motion for Leave

to file a surreply is not a "pleading." See Fed. R. Civ. P. 7(a). Thus, the filing "may not be attacked by a motion to strike under Fed. R. Civ. P. 12(f)." Harrison v. Belk, Inc., 748 F. App'x 936, 940 (11th Cir. 2018).

¹ In Bonner v. City of Prichard, 661 F.2d 1206, 1209 (11th Cir. 1981) (*en banc*), the Eleventh Circuit adopted as binding precedent all decisions of the former Fifth Circuit issued prior to October 1, 1981.

***2 SO ORDERED**, this 6th day of September, 2022.

All Citations

Not Reported in Fed. Supp., 2022 WL 14587728